

Director's Christmas Puzzle The Answers



in aid of the



Disclaimer

Please note that:

- The judges' decision is final
- No correspondence will be entered into regarding the puzzle.

GCHQ was delighted with the interest shown in the Director's puzzle

Many people worked in virtual teams over various web forums to tackle many of the questions together, with some syndicates developing small computer programmes to test possible mathematical combinations and reach a solution more quickly.

The Sum in Part 5 caused the most confusion among players. Almost everyone got the obvious answer xiv, and quite a few got two additional answers I and xx based on interpreting the x as a multiplication sign. Based on the title, they then 'summed' the three solutions – by coincidence, the result 84 = lxxxiv can also be obtained by concatenating the three solutions. There were many theories about what was going on with speculation of solutions involving Leonardo da Vinci or Louis XIV!

No-one found the four additional intended answers involving further reinterpretation of x as a multiplication sign, perhaps indicating that this was not a terribly fair question.

The Manifold Agreement appears to have been solved without anyone spotting the idea of writing the tiles into the square at an angle.

Looter was many people's favourite, particularly the way the title LOOTER relates both to the answer and also to LOTR = Lord of the Rings using the theme of the rest of the puzzle.

Message was another confusingly ambiguous puzzle – there are two answers, corresponding to two different messages (HAPPYXMAS and MERRYXMAS) down the diagonal. Many solvers seemed unhappy with the idea of multiple solutions and this led them to look for other features despite none being present.

In **Registration** the answer is DUCK, and there is a clue in the text of the question – the first word of each sentence spells GET DOWN, a synonym for 'duck'. However, very few solvers noticed that this is actually a double pun – you can get 'down' from a duck.

In the **Crossword** there was unfortunately a typo in the grid -27 across was labelled 17 by mistake. Once again, this lead to a lot of theorising about the significance of 17 vs 27. Apologies for the confusion.

In the **Cipher s**ome solvers worked out the ternary coding but couldn't solve the resulting simple substitution. Also, if you use the decryption alphabet rather than the encryption alphabet, and take an anagram of the resulting nonsense codeword, you can get PORTISHEADFC instead of the correct codeword OBFUSCATING.

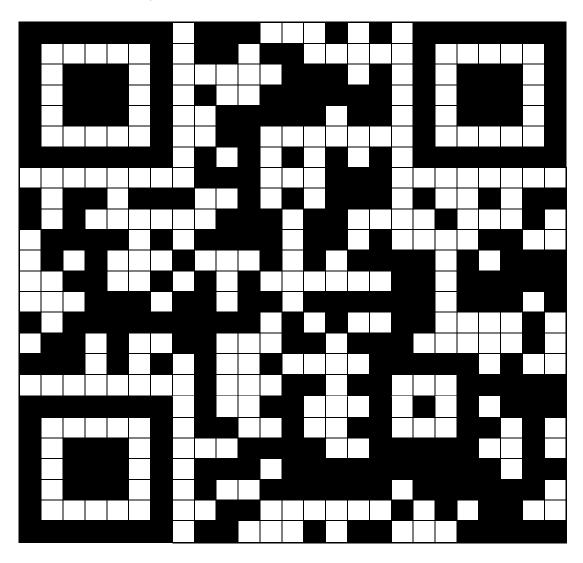
Overall There is no overall theme to the Part 5 answers. This was intentional – we wanted it to be difficult for players to tell when they had finished, and to reduce the likelihood that a full solution would be published. We also felt that the presence of answers like MXAHRYESP or MANAGERMENMERCURY would convince people that there couldn't be a strong theme, but in some cases it just made them reinterpret their answers to try and fit a theme (e.g. by extracting YES from MXAHRYESP).

Some interesting ideas were certainly put forward, including one relating to islands and another relating to gold. Perhaps this just proves that if you look at a bunch of random words hard enough, you will start to see some patterns.

Thanks to everyone who took part – we hope that above all you enjoyed getting involved. The full set of answers are as follows ...

Part 1: Grid Shading Puzzle

The solution is a QR code:



Scanning the QR code leads to the URL www.gchq.gov.uk/puzz with the Part 2 puzzles.

We pre-shaded a few cells to help people get started. Without this, the puzzle would have been slightly ambiguous, though the error correction used in QR codes means that the URL would have been recovered anyway. As a small *Easter egg*, the pre-shaded cells spell out "GCHQ" in Morse code.

Part 2: Web Link Maze

- 1. Which one is not the odd one out?
 - A. STARLET
 - B. SONNET
 - C. SAFFRON
 - D. SHALLOT
 - E. TORRENT
 - F. SUGGEST

STARLET is an odd one out because it does not contain a double letter. SONNET is an odd one out because it has 6 letters rather than 7. SAFFRON is an odd one out because it ends in N rather than T. TORRENT is an odd one out because it starts with T rather than S. SUGGEST is an odd one out because it is a verb rather than a noun.

So **SHALLOT** is the only word that is not an odd one out.

- 2. What comes after GREEN, RED, BROWN, RED, BLUE, -, YELLOW, PINK?
 - A. RED
 - B. YELLOW
 - C. GREEN
 - D. BROWN
 - E. BLUE
 - F. PINK

Digits of Pi represented by the colour of the corresponding snooker ball: 3=GREEN, 1=RED, 4=BROWN, 1=RED, 5=BLUE, 9=no such ball, 2=YELLOW, 6=PINK, 5=BLUE.

- 3. Which is the odd one out?
 - A. MATURE
 - B. LOVE
 - C. WILDE
 - D. BUCKET
 - E. BECKHAM
 - F. SHAKA

Names containing words from the NATO phonetic alphabet: <u>VICTOR</u> MATURE, <u>MIKE</u> LOVE, <u>OSCAR</u> WILDE, <u>CHARLIE</u> BUCKET, <u>ROMEO</u> BECKHAM, SHAKA ZULU.

SHAKA is the odd one out because the NATO phonetic forms the second name rather than the first.

4. I was looking at a man on top of a hill using flag semaphore to send a message, but to me it looked like a very odd message. It began "ZGJJQ EZRXM" before seeming to finish with a hashtag. Which hashtag?

- A. #SGM
- B. #SEM
- C. #SEN
- D. #SGN
- E. #TEN
- F. #TGN

The man sending the semaphore message is being observed from behind, so each signal has been flipped left-to-right. The actual message begins "HAPPY CHRIS", so it ends "TMAS", which flips to produce **#SGM**.

- 5. What comes after 74, 105, 110, 103, 108, 101, 98, 101, 108, 108?
 - A. 108
 - B. 101
 - C. 115
 - D. 123
 - E. 111
 - F. 103

Decimal representations of ASCII characters spelling "Jinglebells":

0x4A	J
0x69	i
0x6E	n
0x67	g
0x6C	
0x65	е
0x62	b
0x65	е
0x6c	
0x6c	
0x73	S
	0x69 0x6E 0x67 0x6C 0x65 0x62 0x65 0x6c 0x6c

- 6. What comes next D, D, P, V, C, C, D,?
 - A. F
 - B. E
 - C. D
 - D. C
 - E. B
 - F. A

Initials of Santa's reindeer: Dasher, Dancer, Prancer, Vixen, Comet, Cupid, Donner, and Blitzen.

Note that the answers to Part 2 spell out the word DEFACE.

Part 3: Word Puzzles

A. The completed sequence is a palindrome:

Buck, Cod, Dahlia, Rook, Cuckoo, Rail, Haddock, Cub

B. Anagrams of French numbers:

pest +
$$\sqrt{\text{(unfixed - riots)}}$$
 = sept + $\sqrt{\text{(dix-neuf - trois)}}$
= 7 + $\sqrt{\text{(19 - 3)}}$ = 11 = onze = **zone**

C. 'Opposite' means Morse complementation (interchanging dots and dashes):

```
agony .--.----

denial -...-...

witty .--.--

tepid -..--.

smart ...----

often ---.--
```

D. The solutions to the clues are all 7-letter words:

i.	Withdraw as sailors hold festive sing-song	WASSAIL
ii.	It receives a worker and returns a queen	ANTENNA
iii.	Try and sing medley of violin parts	STRINGY
iv.	Fit for capture	SEIZURE

They form the start of a 7×7 word square, making the same words down the columns and across the rows:

The Part 4 puzzles are at: www.cub-zone-often.org.uk/layered

Part 4: Number Puzzles

Fill in the missing numbers.

Digits of powers of two, starting with the most significant of each power and taking alternate digits:

So the answer is 52

Numbers of the form $n^2m^310^r$, where n and r decrease by 1 each time, and m increases by 2:

$$9^{2}(-5)^{3}10^{4}$$
, $8^{2}(-3)^{3}10^{3}$, $7^{2}(-1)^{3}10^{2}$, $6^{2}1^{3}10^{1}$, $5^{2}3^{3}10^{0}$, $4^{2}5^{3}10^{-1}$, $3^{2}7^{3}10^{-2}$, ...

So the answer is $9 \times 343 / 100 = 30.87$

Writing out the numbers in a column produces arithmetic progressions modulo 10 down the diagonals, with steps of 1, 2 and 3 respectively:

- 3 2 1
- 4 4 4
- 6 7 5
- 6 8 0
- 3 7 0
- 2 6 8
- 9 4 9
- 2 0 6
- 8 5 1 2 0 8

So the answer is 208

The Part 5 puzzles are at: http://52.30.87.208/next

Part 5: Miscellaneous puzzles

Where

Where does the word CYBER fit into the following list? The list reads from left to right, top to bottom.

CAN	BANDIT	TRACT	HOLE	TROUT
MIDDLE	TED	CLONE	SEA	SWOOP
SALLY	CONSTANT	DESERT	ADAMS	SLIT
WONDER	TOWN	RUSSIA	LINCOLN	ARCHIPELAGO
FRONTAL	DOVE	BAND	NIGHT	LEICESTER
DADA	STAND	OIL	ZONE	BOUGHT
AUTO	PRIM	BLAISE	SECRET	ICECAP
ON	CHIC	MONTY	HONOURABLE	FI
THE	DELIGHT	TREADING	MISSION	CAIMAN
PERFECT	SON	SHERINGHAM	PONY	DELICATE
ICE	STREET	HERO	FILCH	NIP

The categories are as follows:

Words meaning 'zero' with the first letter changed:

DOVE LOVE DADA **NADA** OIL NIL ZONE NONE BOUGHT **NOUGHT HERO ZERO** FILCH **ZILCH** NIP ZIP

Expressions beginning with 'ONE':

ARMED **BANDIT** FELL **SWOOP** HIT **WONDER** HORSE **TOWN** MAN **BAND** NIGHT **STAND** TRICK **PONY** WAY **STREET**

Homophones for CY:

CI **TED** CY CLONE PSI ON **PSY** CHIC SCI FΙ SCY THE SI **DELIGHT** SIGH **TREADING**

Bears:

BLACK HOLE BROWN TROUT GOBI DESERT GRIZZLY ADAMS

KODIAK ARCHIPELAGO

POLAR ICECAP SPECTACLED CAIMAN

TEDDY SHERINGHAM

Programming languages:

CAN ADA MIDDLE C

SALLY FORTH LINCOLN IMP FRONTAL LISP

LEICESTER MERCURY
BLAISE PASCAL
MONTY PYTHON

Books by John le Carré:

CONSTANT GARDENER
RUSSIA HOUSE
NIGHT MANAGER
SECRET PILGRIM
HONOURABLE SCHOOLBOY

MISSION SONG
PERFECT SPY
DELICATE TRUTH

Doctor Who creatures:

TRACT ATOR
SEA DEVILS
SLIT HEEN
AUTO NS
PRIM ORD
SON TARANS
ICE WARRIORS

The alphabetical list of associated words or strings is therefore as follows:

ADA	ARMED	ATOR	BLACK	BROWN
С	CI	CY	DEVILS	FELL
FORTH	GARDENER	GOBI	GRIZZLY	HEEN
HIT	HORSE	HOUSE	IMP	KODIAK
LISP	LOVE	MAN	MANAGER	MERCURY
NADA	NIGHT	NIL	NONE	NOUGHT
NS	ORD	PASCAL	PILGRIM	POLAR
PSI	PSY	PYTHON	SCHOOLBOY	SCI
SCY	SI	SIGH	SONG	SPECTACLED
SPY	TARANS	TEDDY	TRICK	TRUTH
WARRIORS	WAY	ZERO	ZILCH	ZIP

CYBER, with associated word MEN, completes the Doctor Who category. MEN goes between MANAGER and MERCURY, so CYBER goes between NIGHT and LEICESTER in the original list. The answer is **MANAGERMENMERCURY**.

Sum

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii}+\text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}}-\text{i}=?$$

The obvious answer is:

$$\sqrt{((3 + 672) / 3)} - 1 = \sqrt{225} - 1 = 15 - 1 = 14 = xiv$$

However, the theme of this puzzle is ambiguity between the letter x and the multiplication operator x. One or other (but not both) of the instances of the letter x could be interpreted as a multiplication, giving two further answers:

$$\sqrt{((3 + (660 \times 2)) / 3)} - 1 = \sqrt{441 - 1} = 21 - 1 = 20 = xx$$

 $\sqrt{((3 + (650 \times 12)) / 3)} - 1 = \sqrt{2601 - 1} = 51 - 1 = 50 = 1$

Yet more answers can be produced by using the ambiguity between x and \times on the <u>right-hand side</u> of the equation. The solutions 20 and 50 can be re-written as follows:

$$20 = 20 \times 1 = xx \times i = xxxi$$

 $20 = 10 \times 2 = x \times ii = xxii$
 $50 = 50 \times 1 = 1 \times i = 1xi$
 $50 = 10 \times 5 = x \times v = xxv$

Note that subtracting 1 from the square root gives rise to these additional solutions – without this, the solutions would be 15, 21 and 51, none of which could be re-written as above. So in all there are seven valid Roman numerals that could appear on the right-hand side – xiv, xx, I, xxxi, xxii, Ixi and xxv – corresponding to the following interpretations of the equation:

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = \text{xiv}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = \text{xx}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = i$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = \text{xxxii}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = \text{xxii}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = i$$

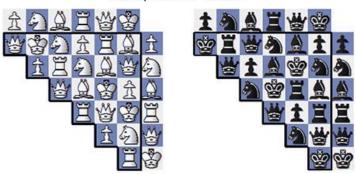
$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = i$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{iii} + \text{dclxxii}}{\text{iii}}} - i = i$$

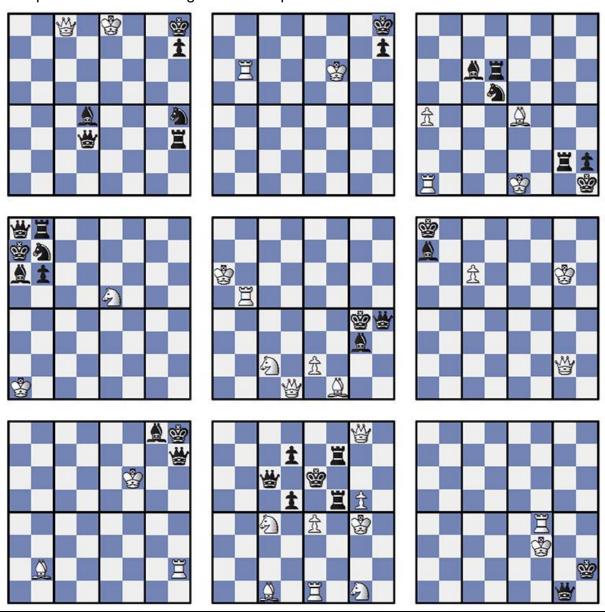
Algebraic

Obeying the six rules of chessboard multiplication we can complete the piece-wise multiplication table so that each of the nine products results in a position where white can checkmate in one move. The simplest approach is to start with the boards with the fewest pieces and work out where the black king must go for a checkmate to be possible. The multiplication tables are as follows:

Multiplication Tables



This produces the following nine chess problems:



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Writing out all the winning moves in algebraic notation (as the title hints at), we get:

Kf7#

Rb8#

0-0-0#

Nc6#

e3#

c7#

Kg5#

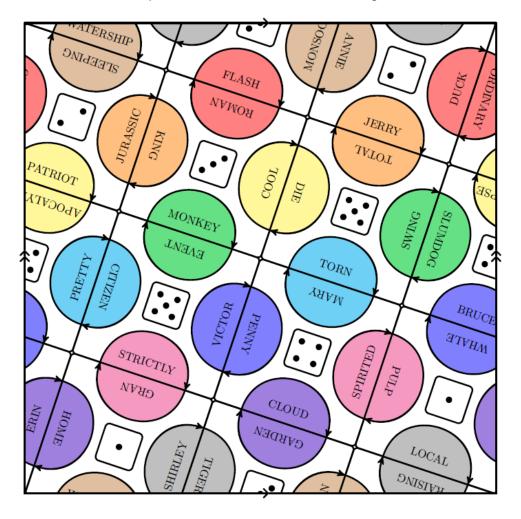
exf5#

Rb4#

The first letters of each move spells **KRONECKER**, the type of matrix multiplication we used to construct the boards.

Manifold Agreement

There are ten tiles, and although the square to fit them into looks like it might be 3×3 tiles in size, a careful measurement shows that it is really $\sqrt{10}\times\sqrt{10}$. This means that the tiles can be placed into the square at an angle so that the colours of the semi-circles match, as do the top and bottom and the left and right sides.



Note that you can still match the tiles without spotting this feature. The words in the tiles are the first words of two-word films.

SLEEPING BEAUTY JURASSIC PARK PATRIOT GAMES ORDINARY PEOPLE

ROMAN HOLIDAY COOL RUNNINGS MONKEY BUSINESS KING KONG

TOTAL RECALL SWING TIME TORN CURTAIN DIE HARD

APOCALYPSE NOW PRETTY WOMAN BRUCE ALMIGHTY SLUMDOG MILLIONAIRE

EVENT HORIZON VICTOR VICTORIA STRICKLY BALLROOM CITIZEN KANE

MARY POPPINS SPIRITED AWAY CLOUD ATLAS PENNY SERENADE

WHALE RIDER ERIN BROCKOVICH LOCAL HERO PULP FICTION

GRAN TORINO SHIRLEY VALENTINE WATERSHIP DOWN HOME ALONE

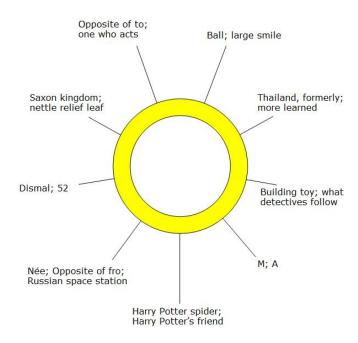
GARDEN STATE MONSOON WEDDING FLASH GORDON TIGER BAY

RAISING ARIZONA DUCK SOUP JERRY MAGUIRE ANNIE HALL The semi-circular arrows indicate the second words should be swapped to the adjacent tile. The four new words on a tile agree on the letter indicated by the dice pips, i.e.

{Watership DOWN, King KONG, Apocalypse NOW, Duck SOUP} = O {Flash GORDON, Die HARD, Event HORIZON, Jurassic PARK} = R {Jerry MAGUIRE, Slumdog MILLIONAIRE, Mary POPPINS, Cool RUNNINGS} = I {Patriot GAMES, Citizen KANE, Whale RIDER, Swing TIME} = E {Monkey BUSINESS, Penny SERENADE, Gran TORINO, Pretty WOMAN} = N {Torn CURTAIN, Pulp FICTION, Garden STATE, Victor VICTORIA} = T {Bruce ALMIGHTY, Home ALONE, Raising ARIZONA, Spirited AWAY} = A {Strictly BALLROOM, Tiger BAY, Sleeping BEAUTY, Erin BROCKOVICH} = B {Cloud ATLAS, Annie HALL, Roman HOLIDAY, Shirley VALENTINE} = L {Local HERO, Ordinary PEOPLE, Total RECALL, Monsoon WEDDING} = E

Reading the letters spells out **ORIENTABLE**.

Looter



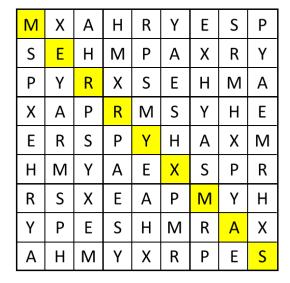
As hinted at in the title, each branch of the ring has clues spelling out the nine members of the Fellowship from The Lord of the Rings, each with two extra letters:

SPHERE GRIN SIAM WISER LEGO LEADS GRAND ALFA ARAGOG RON BORN TO MIR GRIM LII MERCIA DOCK FRO DOER

These extra letters spell **SHIRE DRAGON TRICKER**, which is **BILBO**.

Message

This puzzle cannot be solved without using the leading diagonal feature, but there are no solutions using the traditional interpretation of all different letters down the diagonal. However, two of the possible solutions have the messages MERRYXMAS and HAPPYXMAS down the diagonal:



Н	Х	R	Σ	S	Α	Ш	Р	Υ
Ε	Α	S	Ι	Р	Υ	Χ	R	Δ
М	Υ	Р	X	R	Е	Ι	S	Α
Х	R	Α	Р	М	S	Υ	Η	Ε
S	Ε	Μ	R	Υ	Ι	Α	X	Р
Р	Н	Υ	Α	Ε	Х	S	Μ	R
R	S	Х	Е	Α	Р	М	Υ	Н
Υ	Р	Ε	S	Н	М	R	Α	Χ
Α	М	Н	Υ	Χ	R	Р	Ε	S

The two intended answers are therefore MXAHRYESP and HXRMSAEPY.

Graph Theory

- (a) Last letter of NATO Phonetic Alphabet → First letter: **ECHO**
- (b) Lengths in name of month → Number of month: **SEPTEMBER**
- (c) Lengths of planet names → Position in Solar System: **URANUS**
- (d) Numbers 1-10 → Scrabble score of number: **EIGHT**

Note: in part (d), we also accepted the unintended answer Ten Commandments \rightarrow Verse of the Bible in which they are found (mod 10), with the answer **FOURTH**.

Wordsearch

The hidden words are all the names of countries as they are known by at least some of the locals (transliterated to the Latin alphabet where necessary):

	a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k
1	Ι	N	Ι	Т	А	W	S	Ε	S	V	D
2	О	ഗ	E	А	0	Н	В	А	Ι	Ν	Ι
3	R	Α	Α	R	R	Н	Ь	Т	V	Α	Ε
4	D	K	R	Т	А	L	Ι	Н	D	Т	Z
5	K	Α	Ι	R	E	Ρ	Ι	Q	Н	ഗ	Н
6	Y	R	А	Ε	Т	Μ	ഗ	Ν	R	А	0
7	U	Т	Ι	R	0	А	0	В	N	Y	Ν
8	L	V	Т	U	А	Н	Ι	G	А	А	G
9	Ε	Ε	S	Т	Ι	J	U	J	Ε	Н	G
10	R	L	J	Ν	А	K	S	L	0	Р	U
11	Ε	0	А	K	S	Т	А	V	R	Н	0

e8-e1	AOTEAROA	New Zealand (Maori)
g2-b7	BHARAT	India (Hindi (and other languages))
a2-a8	DRUKYUL	Bhutan (Dzongkha)
a9-e9	EESTI	Estonia
e5-i1	ELLAS	Greece
d6-d2	ERTRA	Eritrea (Tigrinya)
h1-a1	ESWATINI	Swaziland
j9-j2	HAYASTAN	Armenia
k5-f10	HANGUK	South Korea
j11-c11	HRVATSKA	Croatia
d10-h6	NIHON	Japan
j10-e10	POLSKA	Poland
b2-b11	SAKARTVELO	Georgia
j5-b5	SHQIPERIA	Albania
j5-e10	SRBIJA	Serbia
c9-g5	SUOMI	Finland
j1-g4	VITI	Fiji
k4-k11	ZHONGGUO	China

Once these are all removed, you are left with:

	a	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k
1											D
2			E			Н					Ι
3			Α						V		Ε
4			R					Н	Ū		
5											
6							ន				
7			Ι	R		А					
8			Т						Α		
9								J	E		
10	R		J								
11	Ε										

This contains DHIVEHI RAAJJE (Maldives). Once this is also removed, the remaining letters can be rearranged to give the keyword: **TREASURE**.

Registration

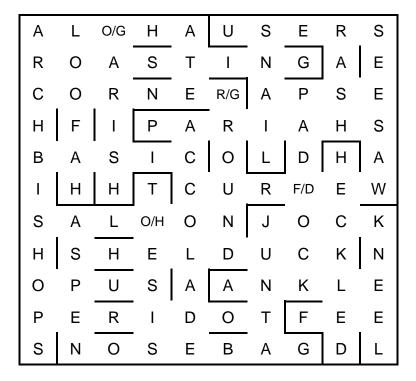
Marking the presences in the register gives:

	М	Т	M	Т	F	М	Т	W	Т	F	
Higgins											6
Jones											5
Jones											3
Thomson											4
Wright											5
Yates											2
Dawson											3
Franklin											4
Hayes											2
Higgins											4

This is a picture of a **DUCK**. As an extra clue, the first letters of the sentences in the teacher's musings are "GET DOWN", which is synonymous with "duck", and also you can get down from a duck.

Crossword

The completed grid is as follows; when the across and down answers clash, the letter for the across clue is given first:



There are four clashes in the grid. By entering the letters P, A, L and M, all entries become words (ALPHA/PARISH, CORNEA/AROUND, CURLEW/PADLOCK and SALMON/TMESIS). So the keyword is **PALM**.

The fact that 27 across was labelled 17 was a typo – apologies for any confusion.

Cipher

When grouped into threes the numbers are generally close, and usually increasing. This suggests writing the cipher out on a width of three and taking differences mod 10 down the columns:

2	1	1
2	0	1
1	1	2
1	2	1
2	2	2
0	2	2
1	2	0
2	2	2
1	2	1
2	0	1
2	0	0
2	2	2

0	2	0
2	0	0
2		
2	2 1 0 1 0	1
1	0	0
1 1	1	0
2	0	2
2 2 0	2	2
0	2 0 0	0 1 0 0 2 2 2 2 0 0
1	0	0
1	1	0
2	2	2
1	2 2 0 2 2 2 1 2	1
2	0	1 1
2	2	2
1	2	0
1 2 0 0	2	2
0	1	2
0	2	2
1	0	2 0 2 2 2 1
1 2 2 1	0	1
2	0 0 1	1 0 0
1	1	0

This gives us a list of trinomes using the digits 0, 1 and 2. Since there are 27 possible such trinomes, this naturally suggests that our alphabet is A-Z and space. However, decoding in the obvious way (0,0,0)->A, (0,0,1)->B, (0,0,2)->C, (0,1,0)->D leads to the following message:

```
WTOQ IP QTS GSYWJMU CJM QTIP FIKTSM
```

We know we are getting close, because the word lengths look plausible for English. A bit of frequency analysis and thinking about common English words allows us to find the simple substitution:

```
WTOQ_IP_QTS_GSYWJMU_CJM_QTIP_FIKTSM
WHAT_IS_THE_KEYWORD_FOR_THIS_CIPHER
```

Which is obtained using the substitution table:

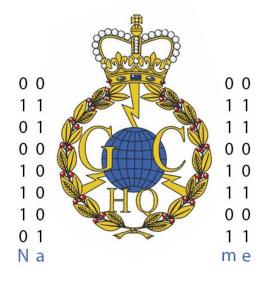
```
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ_OBFUSCATINGDEHJKLMPQRVWXYZ
```

Hence the keyword for this cipher is **OBFUSCATING**.

Banner (hidden)

The banners at the top and bottom of the Part 5 web page contain a hidden message in the pennants. Each GCHQ crest has a wreath comprising 32 leaves, in four arcs of eight leaves each. Some of the leaves have veins, and some have had the veins edited out:





Interpreting a leaf with veins as a one and a leaf without veins as a zero, each arc represents an 8-bit ASCII character, with the most significant bit at the top. The twelve pennants, with four characters per pennant, spell out the following:

Name the technique of hiding messages in images.

The answer is **STEGANOGRAPHY**.

Collected Part 5 Answers

The full set of intended answers to Part 5 is therefore:

MANAGERMENMERCURY

XIV

XX

L

XXXI

XXII

LXI

XXV

KRONECKER

ORIENTABLE

BILBO

MXAHRYESP

HXRMSAEPY

ECHO

SEPTEMBER

URANUS

EIGHT (or FOURTH)

TREASURE

DUCK

PALM

OBFUSCATING

STEGANOGRAPHY

There is no overall theme connecting the Part 5 answers. This was deliberately done to keep Part 5 of the quiz open-ended, by ensuring that a definitive complete solution could not be readily identified.

